







2021

Prep First Term

Teacher's Guide



New Helo!

الصف الثاني الإعدادى

الفصل الدراسى الأول

Teacher's Guide

دليل المعلم

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REMAI

الموجود في ظمر الغلاف واحصل مجانًا على جميع مزايا التطبيق.

ولی امر

P. Mar

تابع مستوى أولادك الدراسى من خلال تقارير وإحصائيات. تعزف أهم مستجدات العملية التعليمية.



معلم

تابع مستوى طلابك الدراسى من خلال تقارير وإحصائيات. * كون مجموعة من طلابك وتواصل

طالب

- اختبارات تفاعلیة
- شرح الدروس
- * تقارير وإحصائيات * هدایا ومکافآت
 - اسأل الأضواء
- تحدى الأصدقاء







Teaching Tips

To teach is to touch lives forever. (Proverb)



1. Teaching pronunciation

تدريس النطق الصحيح

- Model the word yourself. (This means you say it in a normal way to the students).

ابدأ بعمل نموذج بنطق الكلمة بنفسك أولا.

- Then get the students to repeat it after you, all together like in a chorus until they get it nearly right.
- Don't worry if they aren't perfect.

لا تقلق إذا لم يكونوا بارعين في ذلك.

- Then model the word again and ask individual students to repeat the word after you.

ثم انطق الكلمة مرة أخرى واطلب من تلاميذك أن يكرروها وراءك (كل طالب على حدة).

- You could write the word and ask the students how many syllables it has and then practise that. يمكنك كتابة الكلمة وسؤال تلاميذك: كم مقطعنا في الكلمة؟ ثم تدريهم على ذلك.
- Ask them which the stressed (strong) syllable is.

اسأل تلاميدك: أي المقاطع مو الأقوى؟

For example:

before = 2 syllables (be FORE) = The second syllable is stressed.

after = 2 syllables (AF ter) = The first syllable is stressed.

computer = 3 syllables (com PU ter) = The second syllable is stressed.

afternoon = 3 syllables (after NOON) = The third syllable is stressed.

If you know the phonetic alphabet, you could write the words in that too.

Phonetic alphabet

الأبجدية الصوتية

It is necessary to use a special alphabet to show the pronunciation of English words, because the ordinary English alphabet does not have enough letters to represent all the sounds of the language. The following list contains all the letters of the phonetic alphabet used in this book, with examples of the words in which the sounds they refer to are found.

Vowels and diphthongs (double vowels):

- ix seat /sixt/, feel /fixl/
- 1 sit /sit/, in /in/
- e set /set/, any /enix/
- æ sat /sæt/, match /mæt[/
- ar march /mart // , after /'arft \(\text{ar}\) //
- p pot/ppt/, gone/gpn/
- or port/port/, law /lor/
- υ good/gʊd/, could/kʊd/
- ur food/furd/, group/grurp/
- n much /mnts/, front /frant/

- 31 turn /t3rn/, word /w3rd/
- away /a'wei/, collect /ka'lekt/, until /an'til/
- er take /terk/, wait /wert/
- mine /main/, light /lait/
- oil /oil/, boy / bol/
- əυ no /nəυ/, open /'əυpən/
- at house /hats/, now /nat/
- iə hear /hiə(r)/, deer /diə(r)/
- eə air /eə(r)/, where /weə(r)/
- ල tour /tල(r)/, endure /in'djල/

Consonants:

p	pull /pʊl/, cup /kʌp/	
f	ferry /' ferix/, life /laif/	
θ	think /θιηk/, bath /barθ/	

- t take /teik/, set /set/
- s sing /siŋ/, rice /raɪs/
- ∫ show /∫əʊ/, wish /wı∫/
- t) cheap /t/i:p/, catch /kæt//
- k case /keis/, take /teik/
- m my/mai/, come/k/m/
- n sing /sɪŋ/, finger /ˈfɪŋgə(r)/
- r round /raund/, carry /'kærir/
- j young /jʌŋ/

- b bull /b\u00fcl/, rob /rob/
- v very /' verit/, live /liv/
- ð then /ðen/, with /wið/
- d day /dei/, red /red/
- z zoo /zuz/, days /deiz/
- 3 pleasure /'ple3ə(r) /, occasion /ə'kei3en/
- d3 jail /d3eil/, bridge /brid3/
- g go/gəʊ/, ru g/rʌg/
- n no/nəʊ/, on/pn/
- l love /lʌv/, hole /həʊl/
- w well/wel/
- h house /harss/



Back-chaining

طريقة التسلسل العكسى

 Backward build up: is a technique used in teaching oral language skills, especially with difficult words.

تستخدم هذه الطريقة في تعليم اللغة يطريقة شفهية وخاصة مع الكنمات الصعية.

 The teacher pronounces the last syllable, the student repeats, and then the teacher continues, working backwards from the end of the word to the beginning.

ينطق المدرس آخر مقطع في الكلمة ويردد وراءه التلميذ، ثم يكمل المدرس عبتدئا من نجاية الكلمة إلى بدايتها مقسمًا إياها إلى مقاطع

For example:

- To teach the word "entertainment" a teacher will pronounce the last syllable: (-ment) and have the students repeat it.
- -Then the teacher will repeat it with (-tain-) attached before: (-tain-ment) after which all that remains is the first syllable: (enter-tain-ment).
- -Back-chaining makes natural stress easier for the student. It is easier than the front-chaining, which starts from the first syllable, because back-chaining requires that the student put the new element first where it is more difficult to forget.

التسلسل العكسي يسمل على التلميذ تعلم الكلمات الصعبة بطريقة أسهل من التسلسل الأمامي الذي يبدأ من أول مقطع؛ حيث يبدأ التسلسل العكسي بالجزء الأحدث لصعوبة نسيانه.

 Back-chaining can also be applied to whole sentences, for instance when teachers model dialogue sentences for learners to imitate.

يمكن استخدام التسلسل العكسي مع الجمل أيضًا، فمثلًا: عندما يريد المدرس أن يدرب تلاميذه على جمل المحادثات يقلده التلاميذ،

- The teacher first models the whole sentence, when they get faulty and hesitant imitation responses from the students.

Teaching Tips

يبدأ المدرس بعمل نموذج لقراءة الجملة كاملة عندما يستشعر الخطأ والتردد في الاستجابة للتقليد.

Here is an example:

Teacher: I'm studying the present progressive. (Students find it difficult to reproduce the sentence.)

Teacher: Progressive. Student: Progressive.

Teacher: The present progressive. (Students imitate.)

Teacher: I'm studying the present progressive. (Students imitate the whole sentence correctly.)



2. Teaching listening

تدريس الاستماع

 Listening is key to all effective communication, without the ability to listen effectively messages are easily misunderstood.

الاستماع هو مفتاح كل وسائل التواصل الفعالة، وبدون القدرة على الاستماع بكفاءة فإن الرسائل لا يمكن فهمها.

Asking pre-listening questions:

- Give students a purpose for reading.

- Focus students' attention on what they are to learn.

Help students to think actively as they listen.

- Encourage students to monitor their comprehension.

إعطاء التلاميذ سببًا للقراءة.

التركيز على ما يتعلمونه.

المساعدة في التفكير فيما يسمعونه.

أسئلة ما قبل الاستماع تهدف إلى:

التشجيع في متابعة ما يفهمونه.

- Help students to review content and relate what they have learned to what they already know.

المساعدة في ربط ما يسمعونه بما يعرفونه.



3. Teaching vocabulary

تدريس المفردات

A) Indirect vocabulary learning تدريس المفردات بطريقة غير مباشرة

Engaging students in daily conversations. When students are engaged in conversations with others, they hear the repetition of the words and how these words are used in regular conversation.

إشراك التلاميذ في المحادثات اليومية. عندما يشترك التلاميذ في المحادثات اليومية فإنهم يستمعون إلى الكلمات المتكررة، وكيف أن هذه الكلمات تستخدم في المحادثات اليومية.

- Reading aloud should be a daily practice.

القراءة بصوت مسموع يجب أن تكون تدريبًا يوميًّا.

- Providing opportunities to study particular unknown or unfamiliar words.

إعطاء الفرص لدراسة الكلمات المعروفة وغير الشائعة.

- Students should learn to value reading and the more they read, the more word meanings they will learn.

يجب أن يقدر التلاميذ قيمة القراءة حيث إنه كلما قرءوا المزيد تعلموا مفردات أكثر.

B) Direct vocabulary learning

تدريس المفردات يطريقة مباشرة

- Teaching specific vocabulary before the reading: This practice can help students learn new words and comprehend the text.

تدريس مفردات معينة قبل القراءة، حيث إن هذا التدريب يساعد التلاميذ على تعلم المفردات الجديدة وفهم النص.

- Using the vocabulary taught in different contexts: The more the students use the words in different contexts during various periods of time, the more they are likely to learn the words. استخدام المفردات التي تم تعلمها في نصوص مختلفة، فكلما استخدم التلاميذ الكلمات في مواضع مختلفة سنحت لهم فرصة التعلم يصورة أفضل.

- The more the students see, hear, read, or write specific words, the better they learn these words.

كلما شاهد التلاميذ وسمعوا وقرءوا وكتبوا واستخدموا كلمات معينة تعلموها بصورة أفضل.

4. Teaching comprehension

تدريس قطع الفهم

- Give students a purpose for reading.

أعط تلاميذك سبيًا للقراءة.

- Help students to think actively as they read.

- ساعد تلاميذك على التفكير فيما بقرءون.
- Help students to review content and relate what they have learned to what they already know. ساعدهم في استرجاع محتوى ما يقرءونه وربطه بما تعلموه وما هم بالفعل يعرفونه.
- Show them how to extract information.

وضح لهم كيف يستخرجون المعلومة من قطعة الفهم.

- How to give the main idea.

- كيفية إعطاء الفكرة الأساسية للقطعة.
- Understanding references (pronoun reference).
- فهم المرجعية للضمير (على من يعود الضمير).
- Guessing the meaning of vocabulary in a context.

تخمين معنى الكلمة في داخل النص.



5. Teaching story

تدريس القصة

- A story can catch the attention of every student and help them focus on points planned by you as a teacher.

يمكن للقصة جذب انتبأه كل تلميذ ومساعدته في التركيز على النقاط التي يريد المدرس أن يلقى الضوء عليها. تتبع الشخصيات الرئيسة في القصة.

- To track main characters.

أين تدور أحداث القصة؟

- The plot of the story.

المغزى والحبكة الدرامية للقصة.



Where the story is taking place.

6. Punctuation

تدريس علامات الترقيم

- Punctuation is the traffic light for reading and writing; it tells the reader when to pause, when to stop, and how to proceed.
 - يعتبر الترقيم إشارة تنظيم القراءة والكتابة، حيث إنه يخبر القارئ متى يتوقف قليلًا ومتى يتوقف نهائيًّا، وكيف يستكمل.
- Recognising letters and words is an important first step in learning to read.

التعرف على الحروف والكلمات هو أول خطوة هامة لتعلم القراءة.



7. Teaching structures

تدريس القواعد

. Timelines are neat devices that can be used to clarify the teaching of a language.

الخطوط الزمنية هي أدوات يمكن استخدامها لتدريس اللغة.

 What is a timeline? One of the keys to learning a language is learning how that language refers to, and describes, time and events.

أحد مفاتيح تعلم اللغة هو كيفية استخدامها في وصف الوقت والأحداث.

 Timelines are diagrams that illustrate how a particular language item (often a verb in a particular tense) places particular events or situations in time and in relation to other events.

خطــوط الزمــن (الوقــت) توضـع كيــف أن جــزءًا مــن عناصــر اللغــة (غالبُــا الفعل فــى زمن معيــن) يضـع أحداثًـا معينة أو مواقف في زمن محدد وعلاقته بالأحداث الأخرى.

Timelines are used to:

استخدامات خطوط الزمن (الوقت).

- Simplify linguistic explanation.

يستخدم في إيضاح اللغة.

- Reinforce the understanding of a concept.

تعزيز فهم الفكرة.

- Illustrate the differences between verb forms and other language items.

إيضاح الفروق بين أشكال الفعل والعناصر الأخرى للغة.

Help students with a visual learning style.

يساعد التلاميذ بشكل بصري تعليمي.

- Provide a reference point for students.

إمداد التلاميذ بنقطة مرجعية.

- Encourage awareness of how language refers to time in different ways.

تشجيع الإدراك لكيفية الإشارة إلى اللغة بطرق عدة.

 This line is usually marked with a point that represents now. Thus, the timeline is divided into the past and the future.



You can represent (Now) with a triangle, as below:



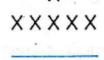
- This simple template can then be added in order to show everything from the difference between the words before and after and the meaning of the future perfect continuous!

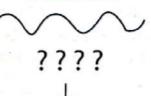
Symbols

الرموز

The following is a summary of the common symbols used on timelines:

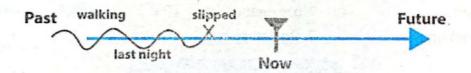
- A single event or action.
- A repeated action or habit.
- A permanent state or situation.
- A temporary state, situation or repeated/continuous action.
- Exact time of event is unknown.
- A point in time.
- A period in time.



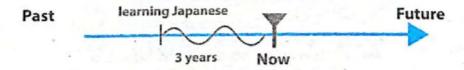


Examples:

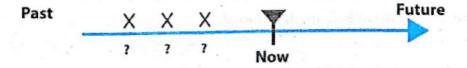
Here are some timeline examples demonstrating the use of these symbols. Last night, I was walking home when I slipped on the icy path.



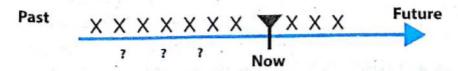
I have been learning Japanese for three years.

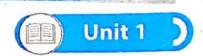


I have been to New Zealand, Iceland and Taiwan.



I get up at seven o'clock every day.





Lessons 1 & 2

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. d) daily 2. b) on
- 3. a) text
- 4.b) play
- 5. d) routine

- 6. d) interview 7. a) best
- 8. b) block
- 9. c) listen
- 10. c) baker's

- 11.d) spend
- 12. a) take
- 13. d) for
- 14. b) make ...

Language Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. d) always

2. a) never

3. b) usually like

4, a) is never

5. d) Who

6. b) Does

7. a) How many

8. a) Do

9. b) doesn't often

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. often reads

2. are never

3. has

- 4. do you get up
- 5. Do you speak

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. How

2. walk

3. free

- 4. always/usually ...
- 5. have

General EXercises (Lessons 1 & 2)

1. Complete the following dialogue:

1. Yes

- 2. When/What time
- 3. Who

4 never

5. Because/As

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. b) watch
- 2. a) on

- 3. a) sofa
- 4. d) way

- 5. c) play
- 6. a) routine
- 7. b) do
- 8. d) cooks

- 9, b) comes
- 10. c) How

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. is always

2. watch

3. What

4. Who

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Your daily routine at the weekend"

Left to students.



Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. a) life 2. c) typical
- 3. d) taps
- 4, a) feed
- 5. c) messages

- 6. b) attractive
- 7. b) borrow
- 8. a) adventures
- 9. d) prison
- 10. a) railway

- 11. b) terrible 12. a) share
- .13. d) with
- 14. c) watermelon

Ciential Exercises

- 1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. c) India.
- 2. d) Bread and cheese.
- 3. a) No.
- 4. d) At 6 a.m.

- 2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. a) away
- 2. a) do
- 3. c) prison
- 4. b) large
- 5. a) terrible

- 6. a) poor
- 7. a) knife
- 8. b) goes
- 9. d) usually helps

- 10. a) never
- 3. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. sometimes go
- 2. is usually
- 3. take
- 4. doesn't

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Jobs you do at home" Left to students.

Lessons 5 & 6

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. b) cushions 2. c) carpet
- 3. a) chest
- 4. d) mirror
- d) wardrobe

- 6. b) basin
- 7. c) bookshelf
- 8. d) next
- 9. a) front
- 10. b) practise

- 11. b) belongs 12. a) break
 - 13. d) walk
- 14. c) nature

General Exercises (Lessons 5 & 6)

- 1. Complete the following dialogue:
- 2. many
- 3. share
- 4. do
- 5. Are

- 2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
- 1. d) for
- 2. a) get
- 3. c) pen
- 4. a) sells
- 5. b) reply

- 6. a) downstairs
- 7. a) Carpets
- 8. a) play
- 9. a) always
- 10. d) always

- 3. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. Where
- 2. does
- 3. doesn't
- 4. walk
- 4. Write an email of NINETY (90) to your friend Ahmed to tell him about your house. Your name is Tamer.

Left to students.

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 1)

1. Finish the follow	wing two-mini	dialogues	:	
A) Ali ; I alwa	ys get up early.			
B) Samar : What		ır free tim	e?	
2. Match column /				
		3. d	4, C	5. b '
3. Write a paragra "Your daily routin Left to students	ne"	sentence	s on:	
	Unit	1 Cumul	ative Exercis	ses)
1. Listen and choo	se the correct a	nswer fro	m a, b, c or d:	
1. a) My brother.		d) In the	afternoons.	
3. b) Early.	4	c) My gra	andmother.	
2. Complete the fo	ollowing dialog	ue:		
1. No		. Did		. What
How many		. always		
3. Read the follow	ing, then answ	er the que	estions:	
A) 1. He always s	tarts school at 8	in the mor	ning.	
2. He goes to s	school by bus.			
3 He arrives h	ome at 3:30.			
B) 4. a) cheese w	ith milk	. c) prepar	ratory	. a) near
4. Choose the corn	ect answer from	na, b, cor	d:	
1. a) wardrobe	a) keeps		. c) Lamps	i. b) mirror
5 b) typical	6 b) attractiv	e	c) break	b) usually play
9 b) Does	10. b) Why			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
5. Read and corre	t the underline	d words:		
often reads		. How		
a. doesn't		play		
6. Write a paragra	ph of NINETY (9	0) words	on:	
"Your usual day"				
Left to students	4.1			



c) striped

lib) hangs

7 a) funny

📝 a) foreground

5. c) fly

a) friendly

L c) light

Lessons 1 & 2

	. (Vocabulary I	EXercises)		
Choose the co	orrect answer fr	om a, b, c or d	l:		
b) patients	-2 b) trad		3. b) ward	4 b) park	c) stall
6 a) call-centre		(e	8 b) seller	gd) artist	10 c) deaf
11.d) calligrap	ohy 2 a) ne	ighbour	13. d) tins	14.b) in	
		Language E	Xerolses		
1. Choose the c	orrect answer f	rom a, b, c or	d:		
1 a) 'm studyir				(c) are saying	
5 d) Does he	eat 6 b) driv	res	b) Is she work		
8. a) is singing	9.c) war				3
2. Read and cor	rect the under	ined words:			
running		gives		3 speak	
4. visit		5 am not w	orking		
	(France	ral Exemple	s (L) espire (-).		
1. Complete the	e following dial	ogue:			
1. is		engineer		do	
4. are		5 Do			
2. Choose the c	orrect answer f	rom a, b, c or			
1.a) get	2 d) repair	a) on	c) gave	b) skills	
6 d) sewing	7. b) communi		🤼 d) is stan	ding	
9. a) is waiting		10 d) go		X 7	
3. Read and cor	rect the under		ng 4 take		
4. Write a parag	graph of NINET	Y (90) words o ly"	n:		
		Lesson	s 3 & 4		
		Vocabulary	Exercises)		
Choose the cor	rect answer from	ma, b, c or d:			
c) sharp	2 b) suitcases	a) weddin	g b) crowd	s c) treat	

(c) grateful

Language Exercises

Choose	the	correct	answer	from	a h	or	d:
CHOOSE	rue.	correct	answer	rrom	a. D		u.

- 1. a) happily
- 2. d) badly
- 3. c) hard
- 4. a) slowly

- 5. b) careful
- 6. d) loudly
- 7. b) fast
- 8. a) comfortable

9. c) slowly

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. dangerously

2. carefully

3. good

4. late

5. well

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. photo

2. shows

3. foreground

4. on

5. striped

Craneral Exercises (Lepsons 3 & 6)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1.b) 8.

2. c) Both a and b.

3. d) Good.

4. a) Teenagers.

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. a) make
- 2. d) normal
- 3. c) sharp
- a. c) at

- 5. b) taking
- 6. c) alone
- 7. b) guests
- 8 d) well

- 9. a) sad
- 10. a) easily

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. well

2. lovely

3. hard

4. sad

4. Write an email of NINETY (90) words to your new friend Reda to tell him about your problems at school. Your name is Essam.

Left to students.



Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1.a) shame
- 2.b) hope
- 3. d) miss
- 4. b) passed

- 5. d) Guess
- 6. a) prepare
- 7. c) with
- 8. c) to

- 9. a) on
- 10. b) amazing
- 11.b) practice
- 12. b) coach

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. sorry

2. shame

3. must

4. great

5. worry

General Exercises (Lessons 5 & #)

1. Complete the following dialogue:

- 1. Congratulations!
- 2. news

3. like

4. Where

5. What

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. c) shame
- 2. a) street-food seller
- 3. b) park
- 4. d) wedding

- 5. Congratulations
- 6. a) make
- 7. b) ward
- 8. d) angrily

- 9. a) dangerously
- 10. b) is raining

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. is studying

2. goes

3. quietly

4. slowly

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Telling your friend good news"

Left to students.

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 2)

1. Finish the follow		alogues:		
A) Nadia I'm sorry				
B) Sarah Thanks.				,
2. Match column A		£	4.b	≛.c
3. Write an email to				
Your name is Am		ia. icii iiii	, char your man	
Left to students.				
	CATTER	Comula	ive Exercises	5)
1. Listen and choo				
c) An email.		d) Egyptia		
b) Happy.		c) England	1.	
2. Complete the fo				
fine	2	What		Where
studying	5	hope		(4)
3. Read the follow	ing, then answe	r the ques	tions:	
A) After seeing	a television prog	ramme ab	out a doctor who w	orked in China.
He worked i	n China.			
3 He had a bro	oken leg.			
B) 4 b) The north	1.			
b) Some old	er and younger o	doctors.		
a) They were	e together in the	same scho	ol.	
4. Choose the corr	ect answer fron	na, b, c or	d:	
Lc) lazy	i a) repair		b) desert	d) teenager
c) Normal	a) alone		c) calligraphy	a) make
a) is staying	b) spend			
5. Read and corre	ct the underline	d words:		
are watching		running		
3. kindly		badly		
6. Write a paragra			on:	
"How to be happ				
Left to students				



b) cuts

a) countryside

Lessons 1 & 2

	Vocabula	ry Exercises	:
Choose the co	orrect answer from a, b, c	or d:	
1. c) junior 5. b) improve 9. d) against 13. d) for	b) heroa) treatmentsc) competitionc) teamwork	3. d) surgeon 7. a) attacked 11. a) cancer	a) withb) charity workerb) throwing
	Languag	e Exercises	
1. Choose the c	orrect answer from a, b, c	or d:	
1. a) in '	2 c) attacked	a) ago	4, c) When
5. d) last 9. a) no word	6. c) did	7 d) week ago	8. c) when
2. Read and cor	rect the underlined word	S:	
1. in 4. had	get wasn't	Janese in the straight in the	3 go
1 Complete th	Contain #2.cord e following dialogue:	क्षाचेक ((प्रकार सम्बद्ध () ये हुई)	"
1 did 4 Did	ived		was
2. Choose the c	orrect answer from a, b, c	or d:	
1. a) shark	b) got	a) find out	b) successful
5. b) lost 9. b) bought	(i), a) foundation (ii) d) ago	b) surgeon	c) drove
3. Read and cor	rect the underlined word:	S:	
1. was	Did weren'		
Write a parage "Your hero"	graph of NINETY (90) word	ls on:	
Left to studer	nts.		
	Less	ons 3 & 4	
	Vocabula	y Exercises	
Choose the co	rrect answer from a, b, c	or d:	
d) disaster	c) emergency a) serio		c) function
6 d) blood	b) jewellery a) infec		a) started

d) broken

Language Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. a) play

2. a) didn't use to

3. c) used to live

- 4. c) Did you use to
- 5. b) did you use

6. a) used to

7. b) work

8. a) Did

9. c) to play

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. play
- 2. be
- 3. Did
- 4. use

- 5. didn't
- 6. didn't use

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. use

2. No

3. walk

4. did

5. read

Control EXercions (Learent 1 & 4)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. a) heart

2. b) In 1935.

3. c) 20 years.

4. d) A surgeon.

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. c) countryside
- 2. a) in
- 3. d) charity
- 4. b) proud

- 5. d) furniture
- 6. a) history
- 7. c) volunteer
- 8. c) used to

- 9, a) use to
- 10. d) use

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1: used

2. use

3. cook

4. Did he use

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Your past habits"

Left to students.

Lessons 5 & 6

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. b) scared
- 2. a) rubbish collectors
- 3. d) brave
- 4. c) heroic

- 5 a) statues
- 6. b) manager 7. a) keep
- 8. d) pays

9. a) firefighter

10. d) for

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. What

- 2. sure
- 3. words

4. Sorry

5. mean

General Exercises (Lessons 1 V i)

1. Complete the following dialogue:

1. mean

2. understand

3. true

4. what

5. agree

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. a) try
- 2. d) Junior
- 3. c) at
- 4. a) reason

- 5. a) make
- 6. b) studies
- * c) Senior
- 8. c) used to be

- 9. a) take
- 10. b) did you use

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. did

1 arrived

3. use

... used to visit/visited

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"A person you admire"

Left to students.

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 3)

2. Match colu	mn A with colum	n B:		
1. d	2. a	3. e	4. f	5 b
	agraph of about (your family you ac ents.		ı:	
	Uni	t 3 Cumulativ	e Exercises	D
1. Listen and c	hoose the correc	t answer from a		
1. c) In Alex.	2. a) My cousin.	3. c) 14 years.	4 d) Long and	curly.
2. Complete th	ne following dialo	gue:		
1. mean	2. true	3. What	a use to	5. understand
3. Read the fol	lowing, then ans	wer the questio	ns:	
				a very nice wedding gift
2. He work	s in a company.			
3. A preser	nt.			
B) 4. b) garde	n	5. c) be a garde	rier	in a) The husband
4. Choose the	correct answer fr	om a, b, c or d:		
1. d) disease	2. b) staff	3. c) Expert	d) from	c) Lungs
6. a) brain	7. a) pump	8 b) sat	c) didn't use	a) didn't use to
5. Read and cor	rect the underlin	ed words:		
1. have		Z used to		
∃. went		did		
s Write an ema	il of NINETY (90) words to you	r friend Dina to	tell her about your her
Your name is				
Left to studen				



Practice A (Based on Units 1, 2 & 3)

I. Listen and choose	the correct answer from	a, b, c or a:	
1 a) One o'clock.	2. b) Early.		
3. d) has breakfast	4. b) In the af	ternoon.	
2. Complete the foll	owing dialogue:		
favourite	≥ football	3. V	Vhere
4 What	5 playground	1	
3. Read the followin	g, then answer the questi	ons:	
A) She is Saudi A	rabian.		
She was born	in Riyadh.		
5. He is a head to	eacher.		
B) 4 c) on foot	a) Aisha	· b) website
4. Choose the corre	ct answer from a, b, c or d:	-	
d) successful	b) Expert	b) curtains	4. b) spending
5 d) sorry	b) Foundation	c) countryside	c) When
9. b) hungrily	la) doesn't drink		
5. Read and correct	the underlined words:		
is always 2.V	Where 3, lives	lazily	
6. Write a paragrap	h of NINETY (90) words on	:	
"Your city or village	e in the past"		
Left to students.			



Unit 4

Lessons 1 & 2

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. c) awesome 2. d) ancient
- 3. d) mosques
- 4. b) statues
- 5. d) national

- 6, c) stadiums 7, a) entrance
- 8. b) behave
- 9, c) view
- 10. a) ruins

- 11. b) dates 12. b) get
- 13, a) in
- 14. d) packed
- 15. a) recommend

Language Exercises

- 1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. b) must
- 2. a) must
- 3. d) mustn't
- 4, a) must
- 5. a) meet

- 6. d) must
- 7. d) mustn't 8. b) must
- 9. b) must
- 2. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. must
- 2. use
- 3. forget
- 4. be

General EXerciones / Jacobins

- 1. Complete the following dialogue:
 - 1. mustn't
- 2. Why
- 3. mustn't
- 4. Wear
- 5. go

- 2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. b) tickets
- 2. c) in
- 3. b) recommends 4. a) objects
- 5. d) race

- 6, a) stadium
- 7. c) pray
- 8. a) must
- 10. d) must

- 3. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. mustn't
- 2. mustn't
- 3. be
- 1. use
- 4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:
 - "The Pyramids"
 - Left to students.



Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. c) clay
- 2. a) papyrus
- . 3. d) coin
- 4. c) masks

- 5. d) necklace
- 6. a) rings
- 7. c) insects
- 8. b) protect

- 9. a) cost
- 10. b) vase
- 11.b) customers
- 12. c) except

Language Exercises

- 1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. a) was

2. b) as

3. b) hurt

- 4. a) was sleeping
- 5. a) started

6. d) was practising

7. c) ate:

8. b) was raining

9. a) were they doing

- 2. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. were having

2. arrived

3. when

4. forgot

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. Can

2. Certainly

3. I'd

4. like

5. Thank

General Excelence diaments 2 4 4

- 1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. d) The ancient Egyptians

2. a) 3500

3. c) 30

- 4. d) floor
- 2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. d) tool
- 2. c) figure
- 3. c) paint
- 4. a) mix

- 5. a) make
- 6. a) away
- 7. b) play
- 8. b) were walking

- 9. c) rang
- 10. a) as
- 3. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. driving
- 2. was doing
- 4. arrived
- 4. Write an email to your friend Asmaa to tell her about objects in your house. Your name is Kady.

Left to students.

Lessons 5 & 6

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1, a) debate
- 2. d) Tourism
- 3. d) historic
- 4. a) drop

- 5. b) local
- 6. c) damage
- 7. d) century
- 8. a) to

- 9. d) company
- 10. a) ruler

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

- 1. think
- 2 don't
- 3. local
- 4. don't
- h. mean

General Exercises (Lessons 5 & 6)

1. Complete the follo	owing dialogue:		
1 think	2 think		agree
4 mean	5. Maybe	-	
2. Choose the correc	t answer from a, b, c	or d:	
1 b) report	2. d) for	3.d) hotels	4 b) follow
a) special	6. d) behave	7 a) Wars	8 c) must
ad) was cooking	10. a) was walking		
3. Read and correct t	he underlined words	:	
1 was preparing	2. stoppe	ed	
3. damage	4. mustn'i		
4. Write a paragraph	of NINETY (90) words	on:	
"An ancient Egyptian	object"		
Left to students.			

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 4)

1. Finish the following two-mini dialogues:

A) Samira: We r				
B) Sandy : Wha	at do you think	about tourism in E	gypt?	
2. Match column	A with colun	nn B:		
1. e		3. f	4. b	
		d Peter about the	Pyramids. You	r name is Youssef.
Left to studen	its.			
	Ur	nit 4 Cumulative	Exercises	D
1. Listen and ch	oose the corr	ect answer from a	, b, c or d:	
1. a) In Londor	١.	2. b) In 1822.		
3. c) Rashid.		1. a) Many year	rs.	
2. Complete the	e following di	alogue:		
1.50	2. agree	3. Maybe	4. what	agree
3. Read the foll	owing, then a	nswer the questic	ons:	
A) 1. It stands	next to the Nil	e on Gezira Island.		
2. There are	24 windows o	n each floor of the	building.	
3. The Cairc	Tower.			
B) 4. b) 2.500		5. c) beautiful		a, c) 1956
4. Choose the o	orrect answe	r from a, b, c or d:		
1. d) stadium	a) arch	b) mosque	- c) statues	a) Ruins
6. a) Historic	". d) guide	d) were	c) saw	a) Did
5. Read and co	rrect the unde	erlined words:		
1. mustn't	?. mustn't	while	phoned	
6. Write a para	graph of NINE	TY (90) words on:		
"A historic pla				
Left to stude	nts.			



Lessons 1 & 2

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct	answer from	na, b,	cor	d:
--------------------	-------------	--------	-----	----

- 1. d) lucky 2. d) take
- 3, a) do
- 4. c) lift
- 5. a) look after

- 6. c) put away 7. a) full
- 8. d) purse
- a) smile
- 10. c) strangers

- 11. b) practise 12. c) fantastic
- 13. b) give
- id. c) on
- 15. b) tips

Language EXercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. b) don't have to
- 2. c) have to
- 3. b) should
- a) shouldn't

- 5. c) should
- 6. d) shouldn't
- 7. c) have to
- 5 c) Does he have to

9. a) don't have to

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. don't have to
- 2. Do
- don't

4. have to

5. don't have

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

1. have

2. make

3. Do

4. doesn't

5. take

General Exercises (Leurons 1 & 2)

1. Complete the following dialogue:

I. great/good

2. should

3. have to

4. have

5. do

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. d) sunglasses
- 1. a) kindness
- 3. c) stairs
- 4. a) Random

- 5. b) distances
- 6. d) wheelchair
- 7. b) thief
- 8. a) doesn't have to

- 9. b) should I
- 10. c) mustn't

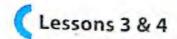
3. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. should
- 2. Do you have 3. has to
- 4. should I

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Your school rules"

Left to students.



Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1.b) trainers 2. d) disabled 3.c) donate 5.c) feed 4. boarding
- 6.b) princess 7.c) lift 8. a) community 9. d) cruel 10.b) beggars
- 11. d) generous 12. a) servant 13. c) behaves 15. c) surprised 14. d) reach

Language Exercises

- 1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. d) where 2. a) who 3. d) that 4 b) who 5. a) which
 - 6. b) where 7. a) no word 8. c) who 9.d) who's
- 2. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - 1. who 2. which 3. who 4 which 5. who's

General Excisions (Lassons 3 & c

- 1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. d) old 2 a) Surprised.
 - 3. c) The beggar. c) princess
- 2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - : c) delicious b) donate 🗵 a) beggar 1 d) disabled (b) which (c) feed 6 d) famous 5. a) boarding
 - (O. c) where 9 b) that
- 3. Read and correct the underlined words:
 - where 1 which - who 3 which
- 4. Write an email of NINETY (90) words to your friend Esraa to tell her about a story you like. Your name is Hend.

Left to students.

b) bins



Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- d) firefighter c) passport La) pilot 1 c) businesswoman e d) lift / b) sailor 6 c) purse
- 11. b) fisherman d) charity b) social

Speaking Exercise

5 feel

3 mean

3.d) on

6.c) donation

9.d) don't have to

Complete the follo	wing dia	logue:
--------------------	----------	--------

1. not 2. better 5. mean

General Exercises (Lessons 5 & 6)

1. Complete the following dialogue:

1.Let's 2.good 4.do 5.can

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1.a) cruel 2.a) away 5.b) helpful

7.a) laboratory 8.c) have to 10.a) who

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

1.which 2. which 3.have to 4.have to

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Helping people"

Left to students.

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 5)

B) Nariman: What should you o	,		
. Match column A with column	В:		
1. e 2. a	3. f	4. c	5. b
. Write a paragraph of about (? "Some helpful things you did" Left to students.	7) sentences on:		
Uni	t 5 Cumulative	Exercises	
1. Listen and choose the correc	t answer from a	, b, c or d:	
1. c) Lord of the Rings	2. b) Tomorrow.		
3. a) At the entrance.	4. a) At 7:30 p.m.		
2. Complete the following dial	ogue:		
1. do 2. have	1. about	4. has	5. to
3. Read the following, then an	swer the question	ins:	
A) Funny event.			
Because Samy was very r	nice to his small si	ster.	
3. She was four.			
B) 1 b) noisily	5. c) kitchen		c) broken
4. Choose the correct answer to	from a, b, c or d:		
1. b) messy 2 b) make	b) get	c) back	
5. d) random (1. a) fantastic	c) stranger	c) who	
a) don't have to	(i), c) have to		
5. Read and correct the under	lined words:		
Do	 don't have t 	0	
3 who	which		
6. Write an email of NINETY	(90) words to yo	our friend Nesr	ma to tell her abo
work. Your name is Rahma.			



Lessons 1 & 2

Vocabulary Exercises

		ocabulary LA	el claco	
1, c) flood 5, d) droughts	rrect answer fro 2. d) pollution 6. a) climate 10. a) recycling	3. c) Electric 7. b) weather	4. a) environmer 8. c) temperature 12. a) rubbish	e
		Language EX	rcises)	
1. Choose the co	orrect answer fro 2.c) younger 3.d) not as	om a, b, c or d: b) cleverer a) much	i.c) older than i.b) fewer	5 a) than
2. Read and correct the underlist is smaller 4, as windy as		ned words: 2. more/less expensive 5. worse		than
	Cana		estant i d 2j)
1. bigger 2. Choose the control of	e following dialo 2 computer correct answer fr 2 c) droughts 7 b) Green	as om a, b, c or d: d) melting b) safer		
more attract	graph of NINETY in your country"	slower (90) words on:	old	as .
		Lessons Vocabulary E		

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1.c) located	2.b) known	3. d) connected	4. c) catch	i.c) prayed
6.a) monume		7.b) grown	8.a) honey	d) wheat
10.c) canal	11.a) Cotton	12 d) funny	13.b) Tourists	1.b) along

Language Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. a) Is
- 2. d) is eaten
- 3. d) by
- 4: b) are read
- 5. d) is spoken

- 6. c) is made
- 7. a) painted
- 8. c) is cleaned
- 9. c) is found

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. is driven
- 2. kept
- 3. Are
- 4. are cleaned
- 5. sold

6. is

General EXercises (Lessons 3 & 4)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. b) Minya.

- 2. d) Black honey.
- 3. d) Potatoes and sugar.
- 4. a) Near the Nile.

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

7. a) believe

- 1.b) from
- 2. b) from
- 3. a) reserves
- 4. a) protect
- 5. a) on

6. b) result

- 8. b) easier
- 9 a) writes
- 10. d) further

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. busier
- 2. than
- 3. fed
- 4. are made

Write an email of NINETY (90) words to your friend Hisham to tell him about your city. Your name is Samy.

Left to students.

Lessons 5 & 6

Vocabulary Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. a) make
- 2. a) vote
- 3. c) solve
- 4. d) collect
- 5. b) Recycling

- 6. d) global
- 7. c) riverbank
- 8.b) with
- 9-a) damages
- 10.d) importance

Speaking Exercise

Complete the following dialogue:

- 1-agree
- 2. true
- 3. why
- 4. How
- 5-idea

General Exercises (Lessons 5 & 6)

Complete the following dialogue:

- 1. problem
- 2-could
- 3.don't
- 4. How
- 5.That's

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- · 1-a) causes
- 2.c) flood
- 3.c) including
- 4 b) centre
- 5-a) reminds

- 6.c) reuse
- 7.b) polluted
- 8.a) more
- 9.d) is recycled

4 are repaired

10.b) are cleaned

3. Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1. faster
- 2 more difficult 3 is made

4. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

- "Recycling at home"
- Left to students.

Al-Azhar Corner (Based on Unit 6)

 Finish the following two-mini dialogues: 	
A) Ali : Most mobile phones are made in	
B) Samar: Who is older, your father or your	mother?
2. Match column A with column B:	
1. d 2. a 3. f	4. b 5. e
Salah.	tell him about water pollution. Your name is
Left to students.	AND THE PARTY OF T
Unit 6 Cumular	live EXercises
1. Listen and choose the correct answer from	n a, b, c or d:
1. a) In Antarctica.	2. d) More than 4,500 metres.
3. b) More than 100,000 years old.	4. b) No.
2. Complete the following dialogue:	the state of the state of the state of
1. don't 2. could 3. like	4. good 5. true
3. Read the following, then answer the ques	tions:
A) 1. The celebration of Earth Day began in the	ne city of San Francisco.
2. It was started by their ruler John McCon	
Earth Day is important because it remine	ds us to stop and look at the problems of our
environment.	
B) 4. b) students	
5. d) All of these.	
6. c) Pick up trash in their community.	
4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or o	
1. b) rubbish 2. d) flood 3. a) pollutio	n 4 c) drought 5. b) polluted
6. b) Canal 7. b) weather 8. a) fast	9. d) is studied 10. a) is grown
5. Read and correct the underlined words:	
1. isn't 2. Is TV 3. is	4. as bad as
6. Write an email of NINETY (90) words to you	ar friend Menna to tell her about how to help
the environment. Your name is Asmaa.	
Left to students.	



Practice B (Based on Units 4, 5 & 6)

1. Listen and c		ct answer from a	a, b, c or d: 2. a) In a village.	
3 c) Helping people.			4 b) A doctor.	
2. Complete th	e following dial	ogue:		
stay	2 How	3. by	4. swim	Sate
3. Read the fol	lowing, then an	swer the questic	ons:	
		toys in the bathr ather's old news		
3. There are	five persons.			
B) 4. d) water		5. c) work		6. b) dining room
	2.b) protect 6.b) scary	7. a) health	4. b) practise 8. d) as carefully	
5. Read and cor	rect the underl	ined words:		
protect	2 stopped	3 as dry as	4 spoken	
6. Write a parag "Water" Left to studen		(90) words on:		

End of Term Practice

- 1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. c) A street-food seller.
 - 2. c) To look after her brothers and sisters.
 - 3. a) To school.
 - 4. a) Tired but grateful.
- 2. Complete the following dialogue:
 - 1. sorry
- 2. mean
- 3. Why
- 4 idea
- 5. could
- 3. Read the following, then answer the questions:
 - A) 1. Leonard Woolley was exploring a palace in ancient Babylon (which is located in Iraq today).
 - 2. Because the objects all had labels on them.
 - B) 3. d) a lot older than the palace
 - 4. d) Things you keep together.
 - 5. b) They were interested in history.
- 4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
 - 1. b) excitedly

2. c) use to live

3. a) was walking

4. c) that

5. c) is located

6. b) block

- 7. d) communicate
- 8. b) scared

9. a) touch

- 10. a) messy
- 5. Read and correct the underlined words:
- . 1. like

2 is playing

3. bigger

- 4. don't have to
- 6. Write two paragraphs of FIFTY words each (100 words in total) summarising the stories of The Railway Children and A Little Princess. Left to students.

